

ONE DAY LATER FROM EUROPE.
THE NEWS BY THE ANGLO-SAXON.
ENGLISH VIEWS ON THE AMERICAN TARIFF.

Rumors of a Meeting of European Sovereigns on the 20th Instant.

MOVEMENTS OF GARIBALDI.

French Opinions on the Roman Question.

ANOTHER KING FOR MEXICO.

Battle Between the Turks and Montenegrins.

Cor. Rome, August 15, 1862.
The London Daily News reports to the tariff question, that it will work its own cure, and the tariff of prohibitory duties is so ruinous a character that they will be enforced after their present has been once fully felt. It hopes the people will send good friends to Congress, and study matters for themselves, before the revenue falls and smugglers come into play.

The English press of the 7th inst. are generally silent as regards American affairs.

It is rumored that an amnesty will be proclaimed to political prisoners on the Emperor's day.

It is also stated that Napoleon will probably deliver a speech to the Diplomatic Corps on the occasion, and allude to the Italian and Mexican questions.

There are vague rumors that the Emperor will visit the Vatican on the 10th instant, to meet the several European sovereigns.

The St. Pierre and Opinion Nationale, while blaming the course of Garibaldi, insist on the necessity of promptly solving the Roman question by delivering Rome up to Italy.

The Paris Bourse was inanimate, at 6 1/2 for the rentes.

Italy.
Affairs in regard to Garibaldi's movements were unchanged.

Garibaldi received the King's proclamation from the hands of the deputation sent to him in the midst of his triumph. He rejected the entreaties of the deputation to regard the proclamation.

The London Daily News correspondent says that Garibaldi has gathered together at Naples about five hundred adherents, from the Kingdom. Altogether his force does not certainly exceed eight hundred and fifty men and they were at first unarmed, but were afterwards supplied, by Garibaldi, with a few hundred muskets.

Garibaldi was in no lack of money—more than three millions of francs having been sent him from Mazzini and Garibaldi's committee in England.

The Papal Minister of War has represented that the French army takes on itself the entire responsibility of whatever may occur on the frontier of the Pontifical States or in the provinces of Rome and Velletri.

In the Italian Chamber of Deputies, Signor Ruffi disapproved of the order addressed by the War Ministers to the army, and expressed his belief that civil war in Italy was impossible. The importance of those who desired Rome for the capital was not capable, but generous.

The Minister of War replied that he was convinced he had expressed the sentiments of the country and the army. He continued as follows:—

Promoters of discord do not compromise the King, but the government was obliged to discover their proceedings. The army will always be faithful to the King and do duty in all occasions. Everything possible will be done to avoid civil war, but acts contrary to the wish of the nation will not be permitted. (Loud applause.)

Spain.
It was rumored at Madrid that Prince Murat is intended to be the King of Mexico.

The Daily and Evening News says that Spain must renounce the policy of isolation in Europe, and recognize the King of Italy.

Brazil.
Latter received advising of the bank failure at Pernambuco, necessitating the stopping of Richard Watson & Co., of Manchester. This house has various branches in South America. Their liabilities are estimated at four hundred thousand pounds sterling.

Some heavy detachments have been brought to fight in two Brazilian banks.

Turkey.
A telegram from Constantinople on the 4th instant asserts that 50,000 Turkish soldiers, the 24th and 25th regiments, are now in the trenches at Kocani, but have not yet been ordered to attack.

Our Paris, on the contrary, claims to have driven the Turks from all these positions.

The Markets.
In the London money market the funds continue dull, but fluctuating. The demands for discount at the bank have been moderate. A number of short stock speculators were starting to neutralize the position in the supply of money.

IMPORTANT FROM KENTUCKY.

Resignation of Governor Beriah Magoffin, &c., &c.

By an amicable arrangement John P. Ekke has resigned the Speakership of the Senate, and James F. Robinson, of Scott county, elected in his stead. Beriah Magoffin has resigned the Governorship. This Robinson became Governor de facto for Magoffin's unexpired term. Magoffin, of Lexington, has been elected Secretary of State. John B. Fox, of the Military Board, has resigned, and the duties thereof devolved on Robinson, as acting Governor. Robinson and Johnson are staunch and able Union men.

THE WORK OF THE NAVY IN THE GULF.
List of Vessels and Cargoes Adjudicated in the United States Court, Southern District of Florida—Disposition Made of Same, Their Values and Expenses Thereon in Prize Causes.

Date	Name	By what Total or Vessel Captured	Amount of Prize Money	Amount of Expenses	Disposition
1861.					
June 10.	Barb. E. Spang.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	\$2,000	\$110	Vessel and cargo restored by order of the Court.
July 20.	Ship Nubia in Steamer.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	600	100	Confiscated, appraised and restored upon stipulation for appeal.
July 24.	Ship Nubia in Steamer.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	600	100	Confiscated, appraised and restored upon stipulation for appeal.
Aug. 20.	Ship Nubia in Steamer.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	600	100	Confiscated, appraised and restored upon stipulation for appeal.
Sept. 20.	Ship Nubia in Steamer.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	600	100	Confiscated, appraised and restored upon stipulation for appeal.
Oct. 20.	Ship Nubia in Steamer.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	600	100	Confiscated, appraised and restored upon stipulation for appeal.
Nov. 20.	Ship Nubia in Steamer.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	600	100	Confiscated, appraised and restored upon stipulation for appeal.
Dec. 20.	Ship Nubia in Steamer.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	600	100	Confiscated, appraised and restored upon stipulation for appeal.
1862.					
Jan. 20.	Ship Nubia in Steamer.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	600	100	Confiscated, appraised and restored upon stipulation for appeal.
Feb. 20.	Ship Nubia in Steamer.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	600	100	Confiscated, appraised and restored upon stipulation for appeal.
Mar. 20.	Ship Nubia in Steamer.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	600	100	Confiscated, appraised and restored upon stipulation for appeal.
Apr. 20.	Ship Nubia in Steamer.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	600	100	Confiscated, appraised and restored upon stipulation for appeal.
May 20.	Ship Nubia in Steamer.	U. S. S. Brooklyn.	600	100	Confiscated, appraised and restored upon stipulation for appeal.
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To the expenses must be added the United States Marshal's, District Attorney's, and the other fees of the officers of the Court.

Gross amount of prize, not including the steamer Circassian, schooner Princeton and other vessels captured since June 23, \$687,028.

Amount thus far paid into the Treasury of the United States by the United States Marshal, to the credit of the United States government and captors, \$610,400.

Those marked thus (*) were under English colors, and with but three exceptions had changed their papers from rebel to English, either in Havana or Nassau—in Havana principally.

THE CALL FOR TROOPS.

Military Movements in New York and Vicinity.

THE RECRUITING OFFICER.

THE FIFTH ARTILLERY REGIMENT, COL. CATHER.

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NEWS FROM GEN. MCLELLAN'S ARMY.

Fortress Monroe, August 18, 1862.

A rebel spy was captured by General McClellan's army.

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NEWS FROM GEN. POPE'S ARMY.

The Rebels Attempt to Cross the Rapidan—They are Repulsed by Gen. Sigel.

Rebel Troops Continually Arriving at Gordonsville from Richmond—Union Forces Occupy the Line of the Rapidan—Protection Against Flank Movements—Gen. Banks Fast Recovering, &c., &c.

General Sigel, who occupies the advance near the Rapidan, reports that yesterday morning the enemy made a faint attempt to cross the river, but he drove them back. All is quiet.

There was a general advance towards the Rapidan this morning. If the rebels intend to dispute our possession of Orange they will probably endeavor to drive us back. Up to one o'clock this afternoon nothing about any fight had reached Culpeper.

Major Field, the officer having in charge the railway affairs at this place, yesterday went with a construction train as far as Rapidan station, but he is being prevented from going further by the rebels.

Heavy bodies have been sent out right and left of our center to protect it against any flank movement by the enemy.

We now occupy the line of the Rapidan from Raccoon Ford on the right to Cove's Ford on the left, with pickets and scouting parties beyond these points.

Culpeper is now comparatively relieved from the pressure of the rebels, and several companies were sent to occupy the place.

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NEWS FROM THE SOUTHWEST.

Repeal of Jeff. Thompson's Cavalry—Defeat of the Rebel Polk at Lexington by Col. Guiter, &c., &c.

Jeff. Thompson, member of Congress from the Ninth district, was arrested and brought here yesterday charged with discharging soldiers. Judge Rice, of Marion county, was also arrested on a similar charge.

The Memphis Bulletin of the 14th says that a party of Jeff. Thompson's cavalry surprised a company of the Third Wisconsin, eleven miles east of Helena, on the 11th. Our forces were rallied, and poured such a destructive fire into the enemy that they retreated in confusion. Several of them were taken prisoner.

Jeff. Thompson sent a flag of truce to Gen. Hovey, who occupies Oxford, thirty miles below Helena, last week, demanding the surrender of all negroes within his lines, or to leave the country. Hovey declined the flag, and started in pursuit with ten days' rations.

Colonel Guiter had a fight with Polk yesterday morning, on the 14th, in Charleston county, some thirty miles from this place, and scattered Polk's men in all directions.

More than 200 or 300 were killed and wounded. Guiter's men fought the rebels with great bravery, and would have captured him, but he destroyed a bridge across the Rapidan and swam the river at Savannah, near his mills. A good many of them are getting home, and some have been taken to know what terms they can stay at home. They have taken the oath, but now they want to stay at home.

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SHIPPING NEWS.

ARRIVED.
Steamship Rio de Janeiro, Boston, Providence, &c., from New York, August 17, 1862.

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